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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/891,895	06/26/2001	Casimer M. DeCusatis	FIS920010139US1(14569)	2475

7590 05/20/2004
Steven Fischman, Esq.
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400 Garden City Plaza
Garden City, NY 11530

EXAMINER

PHAN, HANH

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2633

DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004

3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/891,895

Applicant(s)

DECUSATIS ET AL.

Examiner

Hanh Phan

Art Unit

2633

– The **MAILING DATE** of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address –
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2001.
2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.
7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2.
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to because the blank boxes in the drawing should be labeled. For example, in Figures 2 and 3, the blank boxes 24, 16, 12, 22, 32, 54, 42, 46, 50, 36, 60, 70, 72, 64 should be labeled. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

-The abstract exceeds 150 words in length. Correction is required.

3. In claim 1, lines 19 and 25, the phrase "said error signed" should be changed to -- said error signal --.

Art Unit: 2633

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-18 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of copending Application No. 10/011,926 (DeCusatis et al). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the limitations recited in claims 1-18 of the instant application are encompassed by claims 1-20 of copending Application No. 10/011,926 (DeCusatis et al).

Regarding claims 1-18, DeCusatis (copending Application No. 10/011,926) discloses a control circuit for dispersion control of electromagnetic signals in communication networks by aligning an electromagnetic signal having a peaked spectrum function including a center wavelength and a wavelength selective device implementing a peaked passband function including a center wavelength, said circuit comprising:

méchanism for applying a dither modulation signal at a dither modulation frequency to said electromagnetic signal, and inputting said dither modulated electromagnetic signal to said wavelength selective device; and
a feedback loop including

mechanism for converting a portion of said dither modulated electromagnetic signal to an electric feedback signal,

mechanism for continuously comparing said feedback signal with said dither modulation signal and generating an error signal representing a difference between a frequency characteristic of said feedback signal and a dither modulation frequency,

mechanism for applying said error signal to better align the center wavelengths of the electromagnetic signal and the wavelength selective device, wherein said center wavelength of said electromagnetic signal and said wavelength selective device center wavelength become aligned when said frequency characteristic of said feedback signal is two times said dither modulation frequency, and

mechanism to selectively prevent said error signal from being applied to better align said center wavelengths (see claims 1 and 18-20 of DeCusatis).

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

6. Claims 1-18 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-44 of

Art Unit: 2633

copending Application No. 09/865,256 (DeCusatis et al). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the limitations recited in claims 1-18 of the instant application are encompassed by claims 1-44 of copending Application No. 09/865,256 (DeCusatis et al).

Regarding claims 1-18, DeCusatis (copending Application No. 09/865,256) discloses a control circuit for dispersion control of electromagnetic signals in communication networks by aligning an electromagnetic signal having a peaked spectrum function including a center wavelength and a wavelength selective device implementing a peaked passband function including a center wavelength, said circuit comprising:

mechanism for applying a dither modulation signal at a dither modulation frequency to said electromagnetic signal, and inputting said dither modulated electromagnetic signal to said wavelength selective device; and

a feedback loop including

mechanism for converting a portion of said dither modulated electromagnetic signal to an electric feedback signal,

mechanism for continuously comparing said feedback signal with said dither modulation signal and generating an error signal representing a difference between a frequency characteristic of said feedback signal and a dither modulation frequency,

mechanism for applying said error signal to better align the center

wavelengths of the electromagnetic signal and the wavelength selective device, wherein said center wavelength of said electromagnetic signal and said wavelength selective device center wavelength become aligned when said frequency characteristic of said feedback signal is two times said dither modulation frequency, and

mechanism to selectively prevent said error signal from being applied to better align said center wavelengths (see claims 1, 18 and 28-44 of DeCusatis).

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 1-18 are allowed.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Fatehi et al (US Patent No. 5,892,606) discloses maintenance of optical networks.

Kim (US Patent No. 6,396,603) discloses monitoring the stability of the wavelength of a light signal.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hanh Phan whose telephone number is (703)306-5840.

Art Unit: 2633.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Chan, can be reached on (703)305-4729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-4700.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Hanh Phan', is written over a horizontal line.

Hanh Phan

05/14/2004